

# SEMIDE

http://www.semide.org

Système Euro-Méditerranéen d'information sur les savoir-faire dans le domaine de l'Eau



النظام الأورو- متوسطي للإعلام حول المعرفة في ميدان المياه

Towards a Mediterranean water observation mechanism Euro-Mediterranean Information System on know how in the water sector

MEDA Water

Eric Mino EMWIS Technical Unit





## **EMWIS**

http://www.emwis.org



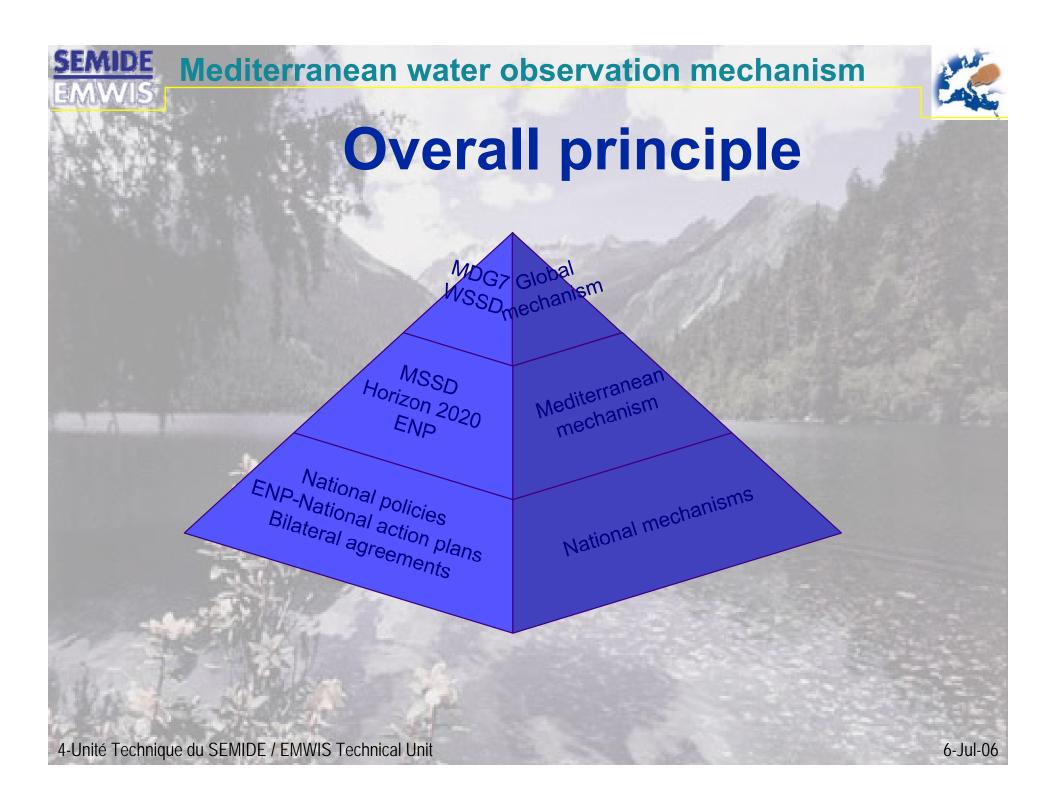
## **International background**

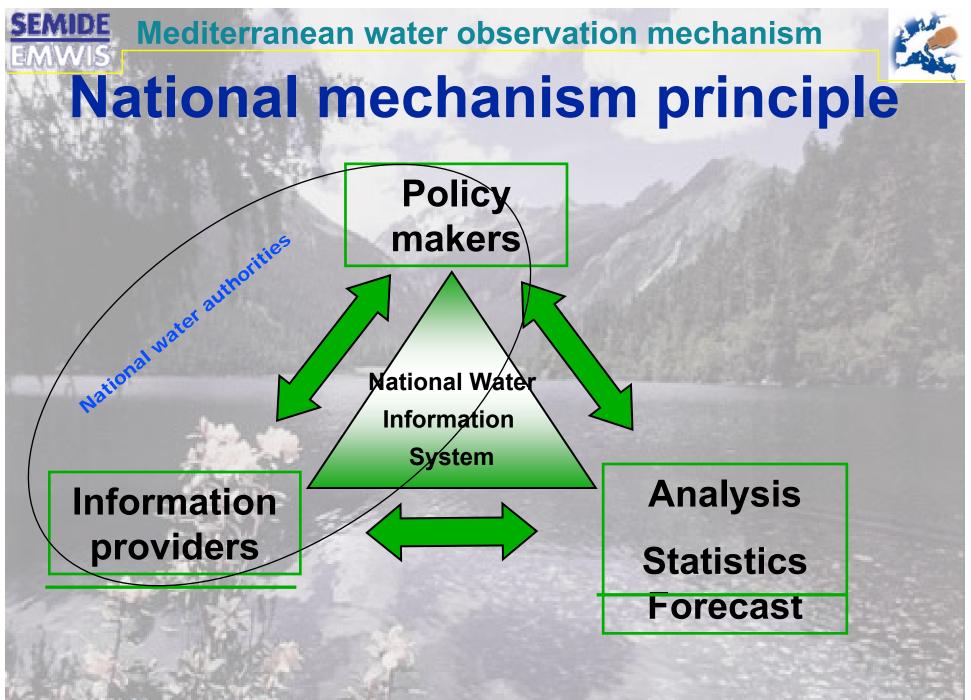
- Adoption by the international community of the Millennium Development Goal (MDG7) for access to water and water supply (2000)
- World Summit on Sustainable Development (WSSD -Johannesburg 2002): national efficiency and Integrated Water Resources Management plans
- UN-CSD 13 decision to build a global mechanism based on regional and national mechanisms (April 2005)

Mediterranean water observation mechanism International background



- Priorities of the Euro-Med Regional Programme for Local Water Management (Turin, 1999)
- Water and sanitation priorities of the UNEP-MAP Mediterranean Strategy of Sustainable Development (November 2005)
- Euro-Med initiative Horizon 2020: Depolluting the Mediterranean Sea (November 2005)
- Euromed water directors decision to study the feasibility of building such mechanism on the basis of National Water Information Systems (November 2005)





5-Unité Technique du SEMIDE / EMWIS Technical Unit



## **Regional expectations**

# Periodical examination of progress towards:

> MDG 7: access to water and sanitation

- > WSSD: IWRM and efficiency plans in each country
- > Water section of the MSSD
- **> MEDA-Water priority actions**

>Tools for emerging regional initiatives

**> EU Neighbourhood Policy** 

Horizon 2020 – depolluting the Mediterranean Sea 6-Unité Technique du SEMIDE / EMWIS Technical Unit



## **Potential National benefits**

- Better quantitative and qualitative monitoring of water resources
- Better evaluation of needs
- Periodic observation (examination) of the progress made towards the national objectives (yearly, if possible)
- Better planning of the achievement of national objectives
- Better mapping of investment requirements with real needs
- Improved efficiency of international financial supports
- Better water management and communication with the public



## **Fisrt list of stakeholders**

#### National level

- > Central governmental bodies
- Local/regional organisations in charge of providing water and sanitation services (public or private)
- > Civil society: consumer associations, NGOs

### Regional level

- Existing structures and network (MAP, Med-INBO, EMWIS, monitoring working group of the EUWI, Med-EUWI, European Environment Agency, etc.)
- > Donnors (EU, World Bank, African Development Bank, etc.)



## Feasibility study: Expected results

- Synthesis of expectations and existing systems that may contribute to the water observatory mechanism
  - > Regional level
  - National level

#### The vision of the observatory mechanism

- > Definition, role, targeted users, geographical scope
- > Outline description of its organisational and technical architecture

#### Proposal for an implementation scenario:

- Organisational structure, including: components, partnerships and additional actions necessary
- > Technical architecture
- > Provisional planning
- Detailed budget including implementation and running costs



## Feasibility study: Expected planning

November 2006: Progress report for the Euro-Med Water Directors conference

End 2007:

Results of the feasibility study



In brief

### >It is a tool

To improve water governance
To support the implementation of national policies
To support the implementation of national policies
To make international transferration of the second second