Système Euro-Méditerranéen d'information sur les savoir-faire dans le domaine de l'Eau

النظام المعلوماتي الأورومتوسطي للمعرفة في مجال المياه

Euro-Mediterranean Information System on know how in the water sector

Valorisation of information

» **15 participants (representatives from the algerian agency bassins, Turkish NFP, University of Constantine, ONEP-Morocco, Université d'Oran, Tunisian NFP, Jordan Royal Scientific Society, Italian NFP…)**

» **After a short introduction by the moderator, each participant tried to give a short opinion on his expectative on this workshop.**

- What are the factors, practices that make difficult the valorisation of the information?

» Difficulty in needs identification, in access to information..

» Access conditions (free, or costs..)

» Information are available, but not easy to valorise… to permit to the users to interpret it correctly..

» Lack of data synthesis…

» Lack of data coherence…, to decide on information diffusion..

» Administrative problems (signatures, etc) is another aspect which makes difficult access to information…

» Lack of knowledge on high technology, which makes necessary organising training

2nd question:
- What the factors that facilitate the valorisation of the information?

- ❖ **The universities are considered also providers of information, and so they ask how they can achieve higher levels (Ministry..), to permit the use of their products and data..**
- ❖ **Saidam talked about organising meetings between all the stakeholders**
- ❖ **The necessity to make information in a format easy to be understood by the stakeholders and the decision makers..**
- ❖ **To motivate the provider of information and show him the importance of his data and the way it will be valorised**
- ❖ **User needs surveys**
- ❖ **Organisations should be funded by the government in order to assure a sustainability of data sharing and data quality (a problem in Morocco and Algeria..)**
- ❖ **The Algerian basin agency tried to meet all the actors to identify the main information provided by each partner, and to pick up their expectatives from such data..**
- ❖ **Identification of information and the need of the different partners…**
- ❖ **Show the effectiveness of the information system to the actors..**
- ❖ **High technology help to facilitate the valorisation of information**
- ❖ **Different kind of access to information and kind of information (allowing different levels of access)**
- ❖ **Financial aspect: free access is sometimes useless than giving a price, because users do not use it always adequately**
- ❖ **At the level of each orga**
- ❖ **nisation, they prepare their own data, so it is necessary to meet all of them to adapt their data and give access to data to others when it's even not used**
- ❖ **Not collect a great amount of data, and then try to select and valorize it, it's worth to select the data collection**
- ❖ **Agreements between actors..**
- ❖ **Giving data free for universities and academic users**
- ❖ **The necessity of information update continuously**